### **Defense Sciences Office**

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#### Formed in 1958 to **PREVENT** and **CREATE** strategic surprise.

Capabilities, mission focused

Finite duration projects

Diverse performers

Multi-disciplinary approach...from basic research to system engineering

Making pivotal early investments that change what's possible...



#### **Defense Sciences Office**



#### Who we are:

- A collaborative team of diverse, opportunistic technology entrepreneurs
- "DARPA's DARPA" office that creates DoD opportunity from fundamental scientific discovery
- Informed, but not constrained, by current trends and conflicts

#### What we do:

- Invest in multiple, often disparate, scientific disciplines
- Reshape existing fields or create entirely new disciplines (sometimes when the payoff to DoD may not be fully understood)
- Harvest and accelerate the development of promising breakthroughs to create enabling technologies for broad impact against national security challenges

The Nation's first line of defense against scientific surprise



# **DARPA** Technical Offices

ВТО	DSO	120	МТО	STO	TTO
Biology, Technology & Complexity	Discover, Model, Design & Build	Information, Innovation & Cyber	Electronics, Photonics & MEMS	Networks, Cost Leverage & Adaptability	Weapons, Platforms & Space
Restore and Maintain Warfighter Abilities  Harness Biological Systems  Apply Biological Complexity at Scale	Physical Sciences  Mathematics  Transformative Materials  Supervised Autonomy  Novel Sensing and Detection  Harnessing Complexity	Data Analysis at Massive Scales ISR Exploitation	Biological Platforms  Computing  Electronic Warfare  Manufacturing  Novel Concepts  Photonics  Positioning, Navigation and Timing  Thermal Management	Battle Mgmt, Command & Control  Comms & Networks  ISR  Electronic Warfare  Positioning, Navigation and Timing	Air Systems  Ground Systems  Marine Systems  Space Systems



### Major Factors Shaping DARPA Investments Today

Wide range of national security challenges: evolving nation states, shifting networks

Powerful, globally available technologies set a fast pace

Military systems' cost, pace, and inflexibility limit our operational capabilities



### National Security Challenges



- Wide range of national security challenges: evolving nation states, shifting networks
  - Can we counter the diversity of national security threats by rapidly accelerating scientific discovery and innovation?
  - Can we better detect and manage CBRNE materials to counter threats arising from the erosion of boundaries?
- Powerful, globally available technologies set at a fast pace
  - Can we speed the creation of new capabilities and remove technology barriers to rapid or low volume production?
- Military systems' cost, pace, and inflexibility limit our operational capabilities
  - Can we harness complexity and manage uncertainty/risk in the systems we build?



# **DARPA** Bubbling Technology Opportunities



???

(Tell us what you think they are)





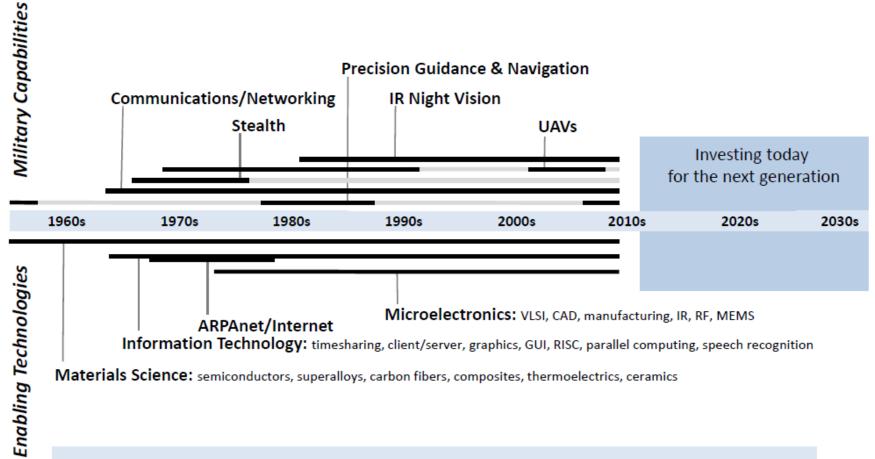
### We look forward to your ideas.



## **Backups**



# Mission: Breakthrough Technologies for National Security



These new capabilities require a healthy ecosystem across Service S&T, universities, and industry DARPA's role: pivotal early investments that change what's possible



### **Program Managers**





Fariba Fahroo Mathematics



**Mark Micire** Robotics



**James Gimlett Physics** 



**Prem Kumar** Quantum and Nonlinear Optics



**Judah Goldwasser** Structural Materials



**Doran Michels Ground Combat Systems** 



Michael Maher Materials and Manufacturing



**Gill Pratt** Robotics and Neuromorphic Systems



John Main Material System Innovation



Tyler McQuade Chemistry



**Predrag Milojkovic Imaging and Optics** Distribution Statement "A" (Approved for Public Release, Distribution Unlimited)



Reza Ghanadan Complexity Science

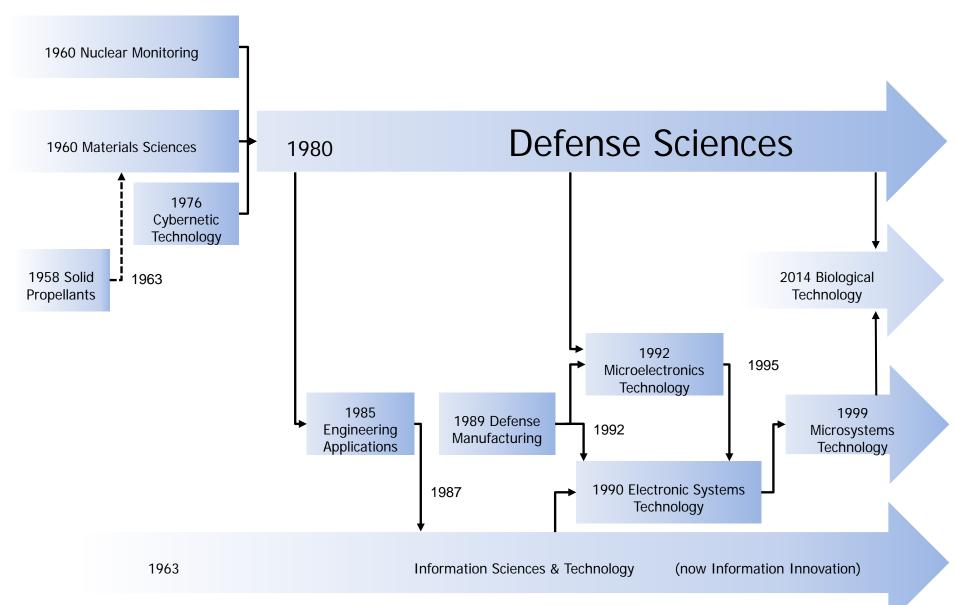


Vincent Tang **Applied Physics** 



# **DARPA** DSO Office History





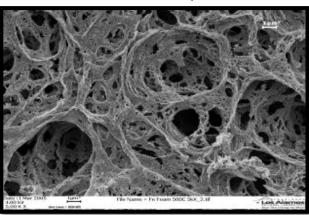






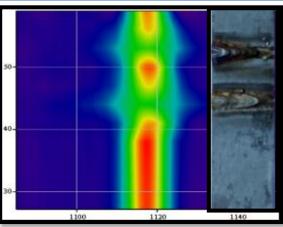
# Supervised Autonomy

Development of theory, tools, and components to enable extended autonomous activity in unstructured, infrastructure-poor environments



**Transformative Materials** 

Decoupling and control of countervailing material properties; design and fabrication of new materials across multiple length scales



**Novel Sensing and Detection** 

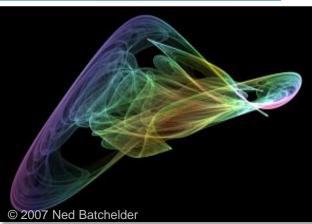
New approaches to sensing and detecting CBRNE materials and devices



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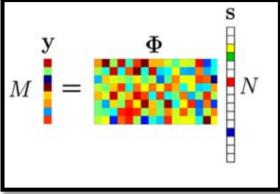
#### **Physical Sciences**

Exploration of scientific breakthroughs and boundaries that enable unique capabilities for national security



#### **Harnessing Complexity**

Exploration of the science of complexity, and its application to new engineering paradigms



#### **Mathematics**

Development of advanced mathematics and modeling tools